Q	Question		Answer		Part Marks and Guidance	
1	(a)		0.59	2	<b>B1</b> for other rot versions of 0.58618	
	(b)		$3 \times (6 + 5) - 1 = 32$	1	condone extra superfluous pairs of brackets	Attach image of page 16 to this part or to 4(b)

2	(a)	$\frac{2y}{3}$	2	<b>B1</b> for $\frac{4y}{6}$ or $\frac{2xy}{3x}$ or 0.66[6]y seen	
	(b)	18 <i>x</i> – 11	3	<b>B1</b> for $6x - 3$ <b>And B1</b> for $12x - 8$ <u>After B0</u> <b>SC1</b> for $18x$ in answer	

3	(a)	$(6 + 2) \times 4 = 32$	1		
	(b)	6 + 2 × (4 - 1) = 12	1	Accept superfluous pairs of brackets in all 3 parts eg accept 6 + $(2 \times (4 - 1)) = 12$ here	Brackets must be in pairs <b>0</b> for e.g. $6 + 2 \times (4 - 1 = 12)$
	(c)	$6 + (2 \times 4)^2 = 70$	1		

4	(a) ♠	(i)	6.75 or 6.7 or 6.8	1		
		(ii)	614.125	1	Condone rot to 3sf or more	
	(b)		2 + 3 × (2 + 7) = 29	1		ignore superfluous pairs of extra brackets eg 2 + $(3 \times (2 + 7)) = 29$ but 0 for extra single brackets or for extra brackets giving wrong result eg $(2 + 3) \times (2 + 7) = 29$
	(c)		231	2	M1 for 3.85 × 60 or for 0.85 minutes = 51s soi	

5	(a)	1.57	2	M1 for other versions of 1.568 rot to 1 dp or more Or SC1 for 0.85	
	(b)	12 – (1 + 4) × 3 = -3	1		p16 is attached below the image for 2b; put BP on p16 to show looked at – if relevant working for another qn, use the chain link to attach it to that qn

6	(a)	288	1		
	(b)	(9 + 3) × (7 – 5) = 24	1	Ignore superfluous pairs of brackets	
	(c)	72	3	nfww M2 for $360 = 72 \times 5$ and $216 = 72 \times 3$ OR M1 for an attempt at a factor tree or for division for 360 or 216, with at least three successive divisions by primes M1 for correct factor tree or division for $360 (= 2^3 \times 3^2 \times 5)$ or $216 (= 2^3 \times 3^3)$	May be from trials, trees or multiples

7	(a)	(i)	148.877	1	Condone rot to at least 4 sf	
		(ii)	5.4 as final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for 5.425 or 5.42 or 5.43 Or <b>SC1</b> for 7.5	
	(b)		0.4 or $\frac{2}{5}$ as final answer	1		
	(c)		$(7 \times 2 + 6)^2 = 400$ (6 + 4) × 2 - 5 = 15	1	For each answer, ignore superfluous extra pairs of brackets	
			(0 + 4) ^ 2 - 3 - 13			

8	(a)	Shouldn't multiply 7 by 2 oe Should be 14 + 2 oe Should be 12 ÷ 6 oe	1 1 1	Multiplied 7 by 2 (which is wrong) He did 14 – 2 (which is wrong) He did 6÷12 (which is wrong)	Any order. Any correct statement, no contradiction.
	(b)	Sub. ½ in correct LHS of equation and get 1	1		

9	(a)	0.019	2	<b>B1</b> for 0.0186 seen or rot to 2dp or more, except 0.019 <b>SC1</b> for 4.612	Allow <b>B1</b> for 0.02, whether from rounding calculated answer or from estimate
	(b)	$2 \times (2 + 6) \times 4 = 64$ $(2 \times 2 + 6) \times 4 = 40$	1	Allow superfluous pairs of brackets in one or both answers	

10	(a)		33.6, $\frac{168}{5}$ or $33\frac{3}{5}$	2	<b>B1</b> for other answers rounding to 33.6 or for both 282.24 and 8.4 seen oe as fractions	<b>B0</b> for correct answer seen then spoilt since obtainable from 3.6 × 2 + 13.2 ×
	(b)		$4 + (5 \times 6)^2$	1	Condone extra pairs of superfluous brackets	
	(C)	(i)	2 <sup>3</sup> × 3 × 5	2	Product required but indices need not be used <b>M1</b> for 2, 3, 5 and no others or for factor tree or division with at least two of 2, 3 and 5 found as factors	
		(ii)	840		<b>M2</b> for $120 \times 7$ or $2^3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7$ oe or for correct Venn diagram or for lists of multiples of each of 120 and 42 where both lists go past 400 (condoning one error) Or <b>M1</b> for $42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$ oe (eg seen in Venn diagram or factor tree or division; product not required) or for lists of at least 4 multiples of each of 120 and 42 (condoning one error)	Lists may start with 120 and 42 or eg 240 and 84 or higher